



AYLESHAM PARISH COUNCIL VEXATIOUS COMPLAINTS POLICY

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1. Introduction

Dealing with a complaint is a straightforward process, but in a minority of cases, people pursue their complaints in a way which either impede the investigation of their complaint or can have significant resource issues of the council. This can happen either while their complaint is being investigated, or once the council has finished dealing with the complaint.

Aylesham Parish Council are committed to dealing with all complaints equitably, comprehensively and in a timely manner.

Aylesham Parish Council will normally limit the contact which complaints have with council staff or offices.

Aylesham Parish Council do not expect staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour by complainants or any internal or external customer. Unacceptable behaviour includes behaviour, which is abusive, offensive, or threatening and may include:

- Abusive or foul language on the telephone
- Abusive or foul language face to face
- Abusive or foul language in emails
- Sending multiple emails
- Leaving multiple voicemails

Aylesham Parish Council will take action to protect staff from such behaviour. If a complainant behaves in a way that is unreasonably persistent or vexatious, we will follow this policy.

Raising legitimate queries or criticisms of a complaints procedure as it progresses, for example if agreed timescales are not met, should not in itself lead to someone being regarded as a vexatious or an unreasonable persistent complainant.

Similarly, the fact that a complainant is unhappy with the outcome of a complaint and seeks to challenge it once, or more than once should not necessarily cause them to be labelled vexatious or unreasonably persistent.

2. Aim of this Policy.

The aim of this policy is to contribute to our overall objective of dealing with all complaints in ways which are demonstrably consistent, fair and reasonable. It sets out how we will decide which complaints will be treated as vexatious or unreasonably persistent, and what we will do in those circumstances. The policy is for the information of staff, councillors as well as customers.

3. Definitions

We have adopted the Local Government Ombudsman's (LGO) definition of Vexatious to mean ***“unreasonable complainant behaviour”*** and ***“unreasonable persistent complaints”***

We define unreasonable persistent and vexatious complaints as those complainants who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the council, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints. The description 'unreasonable persistent' and 'vexatious' may apply separately or jointly to a particular complaint.

Examples include the way or frequency that complainants raise complaints with staff, or how complainants respond when informed of our decision about the complaint.

Features of an unreasonably persistent and/ or vexatious complaint include the following (the list is not exhaustive, nor does one single feature on its own necessarily imply that the person will be considered as being in this category):

An unreasonably persistent and/ or vexatious complaint may:

- (a) Have insufficient or no grounds for their complaint and be making the complaint only to annoy (or for reasons that they do not admit or make obvious)
- (b) Refuse to specify the grounds of a complaint despite offers of assistance
- (c) Refuse to co-operate with the complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved
- (d) Refuse to accept that issues are not within the remit of the complaints policy and procedure despite having been provided with information about the scope of the policy and procedures
- (e) Refuse to accept that issues are not within the power of the council to investigate, change or influence (examples could be a complaint about a private car park, or something that is the responsibility of another organisation)
- (f) Insist on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the complaints procedure or with good practice (insisting, for instance that there must not be any written record of the complaint)
- (g) Make what appear to be groundless complaints about the staff dealing with the complaints, and seek to have them dismissed or replaced
- (h) Make an unreasonable number of contacts with us, by any means, in relation to a specific complaint or complaints
- (i) Make persistent and unreasonable demands or expectations of staff and/or the complaints process after the unreasonableness has been explained to the complainant (an example of this could be a complainant who insists on immediate responses to numerous, frequent and/or complex letters, telephone calls or emails)
- (j) Harass or verbally abuse or otherwise seek to intimidate staff dealing with their complaint, in relation to their complaint by use of foul or inappropriate language or by the use of offensive and racist language
- (k) Raise subsidiary or new issues whilst a complaint is being addressed that were not part of the complaint at the start of the complaint process
- (l) Introduce trivial or irrelevant new information whilst the complaint is being investigated and expect this to be taken into account and commented on
- (m) Change the substance or basis of the complaint without reasonable justification whilst the complaint is being addressed
- (n) Deny statements they made at an earlier stage in the complaint process
- (o) Electronically record meetings and conversations without the prior knowledge and consent of the other person involved
- (p) Adopt an excessively 'scattergun' approach, for instance, pursuing a complaint or complaints not only with the council, but at the same time with a Member of Parliament, other councils, elected councillors of this and other councils, the council's independent auditor, the Standards Board, the police, solicitors, and the Local Government Ombudsman
- (q) Refuse to accept the outcome of the complaint process after its conclusion, repeatedly arguing the point, complaining about the outcome, and/or denying that an adequate response has been given

- (r) Make the same complaint repeatedly, perhaps with minor differences, after the complaints procedure has been concluded, and insist that the minor differences make these 'new' complaints which should be put through the full complaints procedure
- (s) Persistently approach the council through different routes about the same issue
- (t) Persist in seeking an outcome which we have explained is unrealistic for legal or policy (or other valid) reasons
- (u) Refuse to accept documented evidence as factual
- (v) Complain about or challenge an issue based on a historic and irreversible decision or incident
- (w) Combine some or all these features

4. Imposing restrictions

We will ensure that the complaint is being, or has been, investigated properly according to the corporate complaints procedure.

In the first instance the Parish Clerk will contact the complainant either in writing or by email to explain why this behaviour is causing concern and ask them to change this behaviour. The Parish Clerk will explain the actions that the council may take if the behaviour does not change.

If the disruptive behaviour continues, the Parish Clerk will refer the matter to the Full Council and write to the complainant advising them that the way in which they will be allowed to contact us in future will be restricted. The Council will make the decision of restriction and the Parish Clerk will inform the complainant in writing of what procedures have been put in place and for what period.

Any restriction that is imposed on the complainant's contact with us will be appropriate and proportionate and the complainant will be advised of the period the restriction will be in place for. In most cases restrictions will apply for between 3 and 6 months but in exceptional cases may be extended. In such cases the restrictions would be reviewed on a quarterly basis.

Restrictions will be tailored to deal with the individual circumstances of the complainant and may include:

- (a) Banning the complainant from making contact by telephone except through a third party e.g. solicitor/councillor
- (b) Banning the complainant from sending emails to individual and/or all council officers and insisting they only correspond by letter
- (c) Banning the complainant from council meetings or using council services
- (d) Banning the complainant from accessing any council building except by appointment
- (e) Requiring contact to take place with one named member of staff only
- (f) Restricting telephone calls to specified days / times / duration
- (g) Requiring any personal contact to take place in the presence of an appropriate witness
- (h) Letting the complainant know that we will not reply to or acknowledge any further contact from them on the specific topic of that complaint (in this case, a designated member of staff should be identified who will read future correspondence)

When the decision has been taken to apply this policy to a complainant, the Parish Clerk will contact the complainant in writing (and/or as appropriate) to explain:

- why we have taken the decision,

- what action we are taking,
- the duration of that action,
- the review process of this policy, and
- the right of the complainant to contact the Local Government Ombudsman about the fact that they have been treated as a vexatious/persistent complainant.

The Parish Clerk will enclose a copy of this policy in the letter to the complainant.

Where a complainant continues to behave in a way which is unacceptable, the Parish Clerk may decide to refuse all contact with the complainant and stop any investigation into his or her complaint.

Where the behaviour is so extreme or it threatens the immediate safety and welfare of staff, the council will consider other options, for example reporting the matter to the police or taking legal action. In such cases, we may not give the complainant warning of that action.

5. New complaints from complainants who are treated as abusive, vexatious, or persistent

New complaints from people who have come under this policy will be treated on their merits. The Parish Clerk will decide whether any restrictions which have been applied before are still appropriate and necessary in relation to the new complaint. We do not support a “blanket policy” of ignoring genuine service requests or complaints where they are founded. The fact that a complainant is judged to be unreasonably persistent or vexatious, and any restrictions imposed on our contact with him or her, will be recorded and notified to those who need to know within the council.

6. Review

The status of a complainant judged to be unreasonably persistent or vexatious will be reviewed by the Full Council after three months and at the end of every subsequent three months within the period during which the policy is to apply. The complainant will be informed of the result of this review if the decision to apply this policy them has been changed or extended.

7. Record keeping

Adequate records will be retained by the Parish Clerk of the details of the case and the action that has been taken. The council will retain a record of

- The name and address of each customer who is treated as abusive, vexatious, or persistent
- When the restriction came into force and ends
- What the restrictions are
- When the customer and departments were advised The Full Council will be provided with an annual report giving information about individuals who have been treated as vexatious/persistent as per this policy

-End of Policy-

Chair Signature	Print Name	Date
Officer Signature	Print Name	Date

Date of policy adoption	May 2022
Review Date	May 2023
Next Review Due	May 2024